



## WORKSHEET UNIT 1

### VOCABULARY

1 Match the words to make education phrases

- |          |               |                      |
|----------|---------------|----------------------|
| be       | _____ a _____ | a) on time for class |
| 1- study | _____         | b) a presentation    |
| 2- fail  | _____         | c) mistakes          |
| 3- ask   | _____         | d) questions         |
| 4- give  | _____         | e) homework          |
| 5- get   | _____         | f) a good grade      |
| 6- do    | _____         | g) for tests         |
| 7- make  | _____         | h) a test            |

2 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

<del>am</del> answer be do pass
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- I am always on time for class.
- 1- I've studied hard, so I hope I'll \_\_\_\_\_ the test.
- 2 - The teacher is happy to \_\_\_\_\_ your questions.
- 3- You can't \_\_\_\_\_ late for class.
- 4- Next term, we're going to \_\_\_\_\_ a science project.

### GRAMMAR

#### PERMISSION: CAN, COULD

We use <b>can / can't + base form</b> to talk about permission in the present.
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We use <b>could / couldn't + base form</b> to talk about permission in the past.
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3 Choose the correct answers.

You \_\_\_\_\_ / **couldn't** come into the bathroom.  
I'm taking a shower

- In the test last week, we **can / couldn't** ask any questions.
- I **can / could** go to the party this evening.
- We **can't / couldn't** watch the movie last night.
- I **can / could** wear my sister's jacket when she didn't need it.
- The children **can / could** have some of Grandpa's birthday cake this afternoon.

4 Complete the sentences with **can, can't, could, or couldn't**, and the verb in parentheses

You \_\_\_\_\_ **can't leave** \_\_\_\_\_ school. You're only 13! (leave)

- I'm sorry, but you \_\_\_\_\_ your presentation today. (give)
- I liked rainy school days because we \_\_\_\_\_ in the classrooms. (play)
- You \_\_\_\_\_ your dog on vacation with you. The hotel welcome pets! (go)
- I \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach yesterday because my aunt was visiting. (go)
- My brother \_\_\_\_\_ into my bedroom when I'm studying because he's too noisy. (come)

#### PERMISSION: BE ALLOWED TO

We use <b>am / is / are allowed to</b> to talk about permission in the present.
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I'm **allowed to** study with friends.

We use <b>was / were allowed to</b> to talk about permission in the past.
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When we were little, we **weren't allowed to** play video games every day.

We use <b>will / won't be allowed to</b> to talk about permission in the future.
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He **won't be allowed to** have a party this summer.

5 Find and correct the mistake in each sentence.

In tomorrow's test, the students ~~won't~~ allowed to \_\_\_\_\_ use dictionaries  
won't be

- We wasn't allowed to play outside yesterday \_\_\_\_\_
- When I'm older, I'm allowed to buy a car. \_\_\_\_\_
- Children are not allowed run in the school building. \_\_\_\_\_
- The dog doesn't allowed to lie on the sofa. \_\_\_\_\_
- It's Friday today, so you allowed to stay up late. \_\_\_\_\_

**6 Complete the second sentence so it means the same as first. Use the correct form of *be allowed to*.**

- You can't any mistakes. The teacher gets angry! You aren't allowed to make any mistakes.
- I couldn't borrow my sister's dress for the party. I \_\_\_\_\_ borrow my sister's dress for the party.
  - Jenny hopes she can go on vacation with her friends this summer.  
Jenny hopes she \_\_\_\_\_ go on vacation with her friends this summer.
  - We can't eat our lunches in the classroom.  
We \_\_\_\_\_ eat our lunches in the classroom.
  - The teacher won't let you do your homework tomorrow. She's expecting it today.  
You \_\_\_\_\_ do your homework tonight.

**USED TO**

We use **used to** to talk about things that were true or happened regularly in the past

- I **used to play** games every day when I was younger (*but I don't do this now*)
- My uncle **used to live** in San Francisco (*but he doesn't live there now*)

In affirmative sentences, we use **used to** + the base form of the verb

- I / She / We **used to watch** cartoons.

In negative sentences, we use **didn't use to** + the base form of the verb

- I / She / We **didn't use to like** science class.

In questions, we use **Did** + subject + **use to** + the base form of the verb.

- **Did you / she / we use to study** in the library?

**7 Complete the sentences with *used to* and the verbs in the box.**

**do    not like    live    make    not speak**

- My parents used to make pizza on Saturday nights.
- My brother \_\_\_\_\_ his homework on the bus
  - We \_\_\_\_\_ in Seattle.
  - My mom \_\_\_\_\_ much English.
  - I \_\_\_\_\_ ketchup, but now I love it!

**READING COMPREHENSION**

**The boat schools of Bangladesh**

It's the middle of a math class in the Shidhulai school in Bangladesh, and 30 children are waving their hands excitedly, eager to answer the teacher's question. But although the scene looks fairly typical, there is something special about this school. The school is on a boat: one of 54 boat schools in the remote Chalan Beel region of northwest Bangladesh. These boat schools were founded by architect Mohammed Rezwan, who grew up in the area.



Years later, Mohammed decided to do something about the lack of education in the area. He realized that if the children couldn't go to school, then the school could go to

them. He started his project with an old computer and \$500, and four years later, in 1998, the first Shidhulai boat school opened.

Today, the solar-powered boat schools collect the children from the riverside. Inside the boats, students can use desks, libraries full of books, and computers with Internet access to help with their learning. The schools are free to attend, and even better, the children are never late for class!

For Mohammed, these boats are very important for this part of Bangladesh. They educate children and also offer adults courses in agriculture, computer skills, and some other disciplines. They are improving conditions in one of the country's poorest areas, and helping to secure a brighter future – for its sons, and for its daughters.

Chalan Beel, one of the poorest regions of Bangladesh, is crossed by many rivers and waterways. During the wet monsoon season, between July and October, water floods the region, making a journey to school almost impossible. As a child, Mohammed's father used to take him to school on his boat, but many other children used to miss large parts of the school year because of the weather. Old traditions in the region also prevented girls from getting an education. While their brothers were going to school, doing homework, and studying for tests, these girls weren't allowed to do what they wanted. They worked for their families until they got married.

**Read the text. Check the correct sentences.**

- The boats educate children who live in the Chalan Beel region. \_\_\_\_
- When he was a child, Mohammed went to a boat school. \_\_\_\_
- Parents don't pay any money to send their children to the boat schools. \_\_\_\_

**Read the text again and answer the questions.**

How many boat schools are there in Chalan Beel?  
There are 54 boat schools.

- Where is the Chalan Beel region?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Why are journeys to school so difficult during the wet monsoon season in Chalan Beel?  
\_\_\_\_\_

3 Why couldn't a lot of girls in the region go to school?  
\_\_\_\_\_

4 How long did it take Mohammed to open the first boat school?  
\_\_\_\_\_

5 What facilities do the boat schools have for the students?  
\_\_\_\_\_

6 Why are the children never late for school?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## ANSWERS

### VOCABULARY

- 1g, 2h 3d, 4b, 5f, 6e, 7c
- 1 pass, 2 answer, 3 be, 4 do

### GRAMMAR

1. couldn't 2. can 3. couldn't 4. could 5. can
1. can't give 2. could play 3. can go 4. couldn't go 5. can't come
1. weren't allowed to 2. I will be allowed to 3. are not allowed to 4. isn't allowed to 5. you aren't allowed to
1. wasn't allowed to 2. will be allowed to go 3. aren't allowed to 4. won't be allowed to
1. used to do 2. used to live 3. didn't use to speak 4. didn't use to like

### READING

- 1,3
1. It's in the northwest Bangladesh. 2. Water roads and walkways
- They weren't allowed to do what they wanted and worked for their families until they got married.
- It took him four years.
- They have desks, libraries full of books and computers with internet access.
- The boats collect them from the riverside.